DAILY DEMOCRAT FORUM

(Successor to the Maryville Republican)

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CITY VS. COMPANY

A COMPREHENSIVE STATEMENT OF EXISTING CONDITIONS.

FLIRTING WITH DEATH

"Tragedy of the Unprepared" Invited by Do-Nothing Policy—Issue Cannot Be Dodged.

By VAN CLEVE.

The people of Maryville have an important problem before them. An interesting series of discussions have been running through the columns of The Democrat-Forum in an effort to educate the public mind upon the various phases of the water question. Some upon both sides have been practical and worthy of thoughtful consideration. While others may have been, as the lawyer would say, "incompetent, irrelevant and immaterial," they have all served the useful purpose of fixing the public mind upon the most important question it has been called upon to decide in years.

The water problem is more important than any of the public essentials. There are no substitutes for water. If the public school is destroyed, learning may be deferred for a time without disaster or private institutions may be sought; if transportation facilities are disabled, other and less convenient methods may be sought; if the electric current is cut off, there is coal oil, acetylene, gasoline, etc., that may be brought into use, less satisfactory, but still sufficient. But if a city is without water it means death and destruction. A city is also flirting with death if it endures bad water for any great length of time. Because some do not die suddenly or all do not die eventually is no reason that the deadly microbe is not busy.

The question of a good and ample water supply has already too long been neglected. The people have been sleeping upon the subject for many years, and if a serious fire had broken out here during the past summer they would be sleeping in ruins today. A town without fire protection is indeed inviting "the tragedy of the unprepared."

The problem of the city is the problem of civilization, because the trend of population is more and more toward the cities, and those who come to the city to enjoy its advantages should be willing to help increase and improve those advantages. A city's growth and general welfare depends upon its progressive spirit. An individual may accumulate by saving pennies, going without clothing and denying himself the comforts of life, but a city never will. If it doesn't go forward it will go backward, and upon its public spirit depends its ability to attract industries and population worth while. These are facts on which all will agree.

The Kaffir bands of Africa get along in their way and with unadorned economy, but they are not attracting modern civilization to their style of living. Instead all who adhere to primitive methods are being rapidly pushed into the background, made to stay in the confines of a reservation fixed by the more progressive, to be eventually eliminated from consideration.

Therefore it behooves us as citizens interested in the general welfare to think seriously of a question of public necessity, a necessity that concerns every individual, and to come out of the woods and examine it in the light of modern events and in the experience of other towns of progressive tendencies.

The problem is essentially one for the people to decide. The Water company is interested to the extent of wanting that which promises best for them but they are not in serious jeopardy. If they get a franchise at an agreeable schedule of prices, they have what they want; if they can sell to the city at an honest valuation they have all they can claim as a matter of right. When a company installs a plant with a franchise for a definite period, it contemplates all these contingencies and makes its contracts accordingly with a view to its own safety. When it installs a plant with a contract for twenty years, it figures on the possibility of going out of business at the end of the time and the collapse of its value as a going concern.

So the question involves no sympathy, but simply what is best for us as a people.

There are two methods of settlement open. First, give a new franchise to the Water company at its price and upon the best terms that can be secured, and, second, for the city to own and operate the city's water supply. The question must be settled along these lines. It cannot be dodged any longer without inviting ultimate disaster. The Water company's right to do business has expired and it is now operating by sufferance. It will not and cannot be expected to spend any money in betterments until its future income and safety from public invasion is secure.

* * *

It will be needless to enter into an extended discussion of the merits of private ownership, as that we already have, and all are reasonably familiar with the situation, the service and the quality of the water. It is generally agreed that the plant is not equal to its demands, that the service cannot be improved under present conditions, that the quantity of the water is uncertain and insufficient, and that it is not entirely satisfactory in quality. Our doctors are honest and frank enough to tell us that when water has more than 1,000 germs to the cubic centimeter it is unsafe to use. Not necessarily nor immediately dangerous, but a standing menace to public health. It is admitted by the published statement of the bacteriologist, Dr. Cross, that the city water in Maryville contains 1,200 bacteria or germs to the cubic centimeter, and it must be presumed that this test was made under reasonably favorable conditions. Therefore, what we save on the present system we are liable to pay out to the doctors and possibly more to the undertakers.

These objections, the Water company says, can and will be overcome to some extent, provided the people **will pay more money for the service.** This is all simple enough and easily understood. They will take a new franchise and make certain improvements if the city will pay for them. That is a clean cut business proposition and a schedule of the desired rates has been submitted to the city increasing the meter rate to small consumers from 33 1-3 to 50 cents per thousand gallons and the minimum charge of 50 to 75 cents per month, to which must be added 25 cents for the use of the meter. This makes a minimum of $1 per month, and to get any less rate than this you must use more than 500 gallons per day, or in excess of 15,000 gallons per month.

* * *

Now let us look at the other side of the question. Every question has two sides—your side and the other fellow's side. The problem of the city is the problem of the future—the problem of the monopoly of public utilities. It is the problem of diffusion as against concentration, the problem of the many as against the few. Complete justice and liberty demand self-government and freedom from the abuses and deficiencies of corporate monopoly can only be secured through the public control of public utilities. A city should be as free and independent in its sphere as states and nations are in theirs.

Public ownership of water, gas, electric light, etc., is simply a change of ownership from a small body, generally non-residents, to a large body, all residents, wherein the conflict of interest between owners and public is eliminated by making the owners and the public one. It involves a distinct change of purpose **from dividends for a few to service for all.**

Private ownership is a misnomer to the extent that private ownership of public utilities means private corporate ownership. In this present commercial system individuals do not own water plants and neither do corporations own them or financiers buy their bonds, except where the public is taxed sufficiently through service charges and other means to make it safely profitable. A city can sell its bonds at a less rate of interest than a private corporation can, because the security is greater and the hazard less. This any financier will verify. Therefore it costs the commercial corporation more to begin with than it does the public or municipal corporation and he **must necessarily exact more from the consumer.**

Investigation shows that the charges of private water works in the United States average 43 per cent higher

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Books For Your Leisure Hours.

Make your camp life pleasant by visiting our tent on the Chautauqua grounds, where you will find everything needful for your pleasure and pastime.

Hotchkin's Variety Store

106 South Main St.

EVANS TO GO AHEAD

JACK IS NOT DISMAYED BY FAILURE AT FIRST START.

OPERATION FOR ANDREWS

An Attack of Appendicitis Caused Abandonment of Trip to San Francisco.

"Eph" Andrews and "Jack" Evans, who left Maryville Monday night at 10:30 o'clock, on a walk from this city to San Francisco, got as far as St. Joseph, when "Eph" Andrews took down sick with an attack of appendicitis and the two boys returned to Maryville Thursday night. Mr. Andrews will be operated on within the next few days at St. Francis hospital.

The boys left Maryville about 10:30 o'clock Monday night and reached Barnard the next morning at 6:45, or a distance of fifteen and a half miles. On their way they stopped at Salem church and slept for a couple of hours. From Barnard they went to Bolckow, where they arrived at 6 o'clock Tuesday evening. They left Bolckow at 8 o'clock and arrived at Rosendale at 10:15 Tuesday evening, and spent the night at that place. On Wednesday they left Rosendale at 7:30 o'clock a. m. and arrived in Savannah about 10:30 a. m., and reached St. Joseph Wednesday afternoon about 3:30 o'clock p. m. They were welcomed at St. Joseph by a large crowd of people.

Soon after their arrival in St. Joseph they went to the St. Charles hotel and were soon in bath tubs. Andrews had been complaining on the trip and called on a St. Joseph physician, who told him that he had an attack of appendicities, and that it would probably be necessary to have an operation performed. They spent all day Thursday in St. Joseph, during which time "Eph" Andrews was in bed, resting up so as to be able to make the trip home. They returned on the evening Burlington train Thursday.

Andrews discarded his walking boots, which weighed about eight pounds, after the first day and bought a pair of light shoes. Both of the boys have blisters on their feet.

"Jack" Evans intends to go on with the walking trip to San Francisco. He is to get another boy, who will accompany him, and they intend to leave Saturday night.

News of Society and Womens' Clubs

For North Dakota Sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Mercer entertained with a picnic dinner Wednesday at their country home, in compliment to Mrs. Mercer's sister, Mrs. William Trullinger, and daughter, Arvilla, of Meville, N. D., who are here visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Young of East Third street. The guests, aside from the honor guests, were Mr. and Mrs. Wash Mercer, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Young and children, Mr. and Mrs. Edward McKee and children, Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Young and children.

Social Life at Chautauqua.

Mrs. James Scammon of Tarkio is the guest at "Hawthorne Camp," of the hostess, Mrs. J. F. Montgomery. Mrs. Scammon's daughter, Miss Hope Scammon, is a guest at "The Bridgits'" camp of Miss Ruth Montgomery, and another guest there is Miss Blanch Stalling of Barnard, Miss Ruth Matter's friend.

Miss Grace Woods, who has been spending the week at "The Castle of Fairies," returned to her home in Burlington Junction Thursday evening. Her place is taken by Miss Dora Day of this city.

"The Parnell Dutch Camp" is so hospitable a place that it is impossible to keep a list of the guests. The hosts and hostesses (those Klaases, you know—they laugh and talk all the time) ought to keep a guest book. That biggest Dutchman, the one with white hair, who calls the roll in the reserved seat Dutch section, told his brother to "cheer up, you'll soon be dead," last night, just as they were leaving the big tent. Don't know what was being contemplated in the way of a joke. We heard some one say that there was no telling what he wouldn't do; that one time he took a fellow out and rolled him in a big snow bank at Parnell. The fellow was somewhat

(Continued on page two.)

OTT AND 'SPENDERS'

THE SOCIOLOGIST'S VIEW OF PRESENT DAY EXTRAVAGANCE.

"THE FORTUNE HUNTER"

Mrs. Gates Charmed Large Audience With Her Thrilling Interpretations.

This Evening's Program.

7:45—Prelude by Apollo Concert company.
8:30—Ralph Parlette, the great humorist.

Saturday's Program.

Morning.
9:45—Prof. Cameron.
10:30—Band concert.
11:15—Short violin recital, Mr. Morse.

Afternoon.
2:00—Morse-Quarles Concert company.
2:45—Senator Thomas P. Gore.
4:30—Open air band concert.

Evening.
7:45—Morse-Quarles Concert company.
8:30—Illustrated lecture by Prof. O. J. Kern.

Friday was another big day for the Chautauqua. Owing to the hot weather not many from out-of-town were present this afternoon. A concert was given by the Apollo Concert company, which was followed by Ralph Parlette, humorist. At 4:30 o'clock a meeting of the committees on the permanent Chautauqua will be held.

On Friday morning a large number were present at Prof. Cameron's class in nature study.

At 11 o'clock a lecture recital, "Great Song Writers," was given by Prof. P. O. Landon. He was assisted by Mrs. J. T. Quarles, Miss Marie Jones and Mr. H. B. Schuler. This was very much enjoyed by the large crowd present.

Saturday will be the biggest day of the Chautauqua. Senator Gore of Oklahoma is to appear on the program Saturday afternoon.

Ott's Lecture.

"The Spenders" was the subject of the lecture given Thursday afternoon by Edward Amherst Ott, and he treated it from many different points of view.

A certain Oriental sport, Esau, the Bible character, never was criticized for his love of pleasure, but because of the way he spent his money. Mr. Ott opened his lecture with the above sentiment, and went on to say that all through that great book, the Bible, could be found no sentiment of killjoy. The two fundamental passions of life are love and the love of life and sins against these two cannot be foreign. As money is the sign of life the wasteful expenditure of it is an unforgivable sin, and this is one of the greatest faults of the American people. We spend annually $600,000,000 to teach ourselves how to spend money. This is spent in advertising which is paid for by the consumer. For this reason we pay 600 per cent for some of our dry goods, $400 for a piano, $315 of which goes into advertising, and other costs of selling, and the largest part of the $7 we pay for a bushel of wheat in the form of breakfast food goes to the advancement of high art (the art of the billboards.)

Mr. Ott said that the American boy, or rather all Americans, lived under the difficulty of being ashamed to demand their money's worth. They are afraid to acknowledge to the store clerk that they cannot afford a certain article. This he styled as the American sin of bluff. He also advised against borrowing, and buying on the installment plan. But he did not believe that getting money with which to build a house could be classed as borrowing. Good investments are all right and not to be condemned.

"I never commend a money saver," continued the speaker, "but I do commend the wise spender, for any idiot can grasp his pennies and hang on to them. If you want to know a person through and through, watch him spend his money for a week."

That there is a limit to every man's ability to earn money and live right, Mr. Ott firmly believes. A good honest two dollar a day workman will fall if his wages are increased to three dollars. Some men with a seven hundred dollar salary will become corrupt if it is increased to one thousand dollars, and the man who may carry a load of one hundred millions safely may fall with one hundred and fifty millions. "But thank God," said he, "our greatest millionaires are gentlemen in their private lives, and live clean morally, no matter what else we may say of them.

"The ballot of the dollar will be the ballot of the future, and government will be the government of commerce, buying and selling. Siberia votes for us by buying a certain make of harvesters manufactured in Chicago. Liverpool voted against us in the present strike the other day, and threw many of the laborers in the packing houses in Ottumwa, Ia, out of their jobs because the strikers refuse to handle the meat from the ships."

With these examples he showed what we can do by our own expenditures, and as the women spend three-fourths of the money buying for the family, they can control the ballot of the dollar. They can refuse to buy impure food, cheap goods, and shams, thus forcing first class goods on the market. If we vote our dollars, nickels and pennies for decency, indecency cannot live.

Mr. Ott went on to show just a portion of our unwise spending. Sixty millions for chewing gum, one million dollars a day for cigars alone, enough to give every slum dweller in the country a fifteen hundred dollar home within twelve months; three million dollars a day for drink.

Speaks of Municipal Ownership.

Many more phases of the subject were treated upon by Mr. Ott, but are too numerous to mention, except his view on taxes and municipal ownership. He said that every dollar of tax money returned to the taxpayer and always stayed with him in the form of improvements. The added small sums of all the taxpayers would accomplish more than individual efforts, and such would hold true in the municipal ownership of water, power and light plants. "Only," said Mr. Ott, "you can't make a success of municipal ownership if you have nothing more than ordinary politicians to put in charge. It takes good capable business men at the head to make such a movement a success."

Failed to Make Connections.

The Apollo Concert company failed to make train connections and could not get here in time to begin their afternoon performance, so Dr. Ott's lecture was given first. They came by automobile from Ravenwood, arriving shortly after the lecture was begun, but their instruments did not arrive until so late that an afternoon performance was impossible.

Committee Appointed.

After the lecture of the afternoon a meeting of those interested in a permanent Chautauqua was held. A committee consisting of S. H. Kemp, chairman; Henry Thorp, Rev. C. J. Miller, William Oakerson, G. B. Holmes, Thomas Wadley and Lewis White was appointed and given subscription lists for the purpose of securing at least 150 signers as stockholders in a permanent Chautauqua company at $10 per share. It is hoped of course that many more will buy stock, and the more who become interested in this way the better will be the Chautauqua spirit. The stock will be non-taxable and non-dividend paying, and all profits will go into a general fund for the defraying of future expenses. Over seventy-five signers had been secured by the time the evening's performance began.

Apollo Concert Co.

The Apollo Concert company opened the evening performance and were enthusiastically received from the start. The large number and variety of instruments used by them gives to their entertainments a variety which is very pleasing and immensely popular.

Reading by Mrs. Gates.

Lulu Tyler Gates began her reading at 8:15 o'clock in order that she might leave on the 9:47 Wabash to fill another engagement. Her reading of the play "The Fortune Hunter," was most excellent and took the audience by storm. The play itself is a very clever one and made a great hit when first presented on the stage. She could not have chosen a much better selection. The end of the play had to be shortened in the reading in order that she might reach her train, but it was done so cleverly that the audience could not tell that they were losing a part of it. Amid enthusiastic applause she left the platform almost on the run for her train. She will again appear on the program Sunday evening, when she will read, "Polly of the Circus." "The Fortune Hunter" was published in serial form in The Daily Democrat-Forum last summer.

Gave Another Concert.

The Apollo company gave another concert immediately following Miss Gates' reading, which made the entire evening's entertainment a most full and perfect one.

Track Meet Was Held at Night.

A post-season midnight track meet was held on the Normal athletic field

(Continued on page three.)

AUTO RAN INTO CAR

BELLOWS CAR BADLY INJURED IN STREET CAR COLLISION.

MARYVILLE PEOPLE HURT

George P. Bellows, Wife and Son, and Mrs. Honnold Were All Injured.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Bellows and son, Harold Bellows, and Mrs. Bellows' mother, Mrs. M. J. Honnold, of Maryville narrowly escaped a serious automobile accident at Kenilworth, a suburb of Chicago, when a collision took place between the Bellows car and a suburban car. The accident happened Thursday evening. They were taken at once to the home of Mr. Bellows' brother, John Bellows.

The occupants were all hurt, but not seriously, and reports from Chicago today were that outside of being frightened from their accident they are as well as usual.

The Bellows car was badly damaged. It is their handsome Oldsmobile baby tonneau, recently purchased.

Mr. and Mrs. Bellows and son, Harold, and Mrs. Honnold left Maryville about three weeks ago in their car for a trip to the north and Chicago. They are expecting to return home next week.

SENATOR GORE ON WAY TO MARYVILLE

Senator Gore is sure coming!

Manager Landon of the Maryville Chautauqua received the following telegram at noon Friday:

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 19, 10 a. m.—Mr. P. O. Landon, Maryville, Mo: Gore at Maysville, Mo., today. Will reach you from there.—Redpath Lyceum Bureau.

PARLETTE LECTURES FRIDAY NIGHT

In order to accommodate the Apollo Concert company, who must leave Friday night on the 9:45 Wabash, Manager Landon announces that Ralph Parlette, the great humorist, will appear in his lecture Friday night at 8:30 o'clock, instead of in the afternoon, as was on the printed program.

The Apollos gave their concert Friday afternoon. The packing of the instruments takes considerable time, and it was feared the company could not make its train if it gave its concert Friday evening.

The Apollos will give a prelude Friday evening from 7:45 to 8:30.

Remember this change.

Guests at Maier Home.

Misses Neva and Mary Wallace of Clearmont are visiting their cousin, Mrs. L. L. Maier, and attending the Chautauqua.

The Weather

Generally fair tonight and Saturday; slightly warmer tonight.

KODAK

Make the most of your week-end trips with a

KODAK

Treasure for all time the happiness of to-day

Kodaks, Brownies and everything for picture making at

Crane's

The Democrat-Forum
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY

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CITY VS. COMPANY

(Continued from page 1.)

than the charges of public water works for similar service, and the amounts charged by municipally owned plants are on the average showing a satisfactory profit.

Prof. Richard T. Ely, in his "Problems of Today," says: "I have looked into the experience of a whole group of towns in New York state and they all tell one story. The experience of Randolph tells the story of all." Instead of allowing a private company to put in a plant and charge on a basis of $10 for a household, they put in a plant for the city at a cost of $20,299, and with a charge of $4 for each household made a profit. And he adds, "Everybody is delighted with the experiment."

* * *

But, you say, municipal ownership is a pretty theory but it will not work out in practice. A century ago municipal ownership was a theory but not today. Do you know that more than half (60 per cent) of the water plants of this country are owned and operated by the cities in which they are located? Do you know that out of the seventy-eight cities accorded a population in excess of 50,000 by the census of 1900 only nineteen of them have private ownership of their water plants? One of these is Omaha, which has recently voted to own its own plant, and the changes from private to public ownership among the smaller cities during the last few years have been too numerous to mention. They are within the reach of every citizen who cares to investigate for himself.

In Massachusetts 75 per cent of the water works are now public, in Illinois 78 per cent, in Michigan 81 per cent, in Iowa 82 per cent, in New York 50 per cent, in Minnesota 87 per cent, in Nebraska 88 per cent, in Canada 75 per cent, and so on. All this has come about not because they are a failure, but because they are a success. And in spite of the fact that in many states the cities had to wait upon the legislatures to give them the power to engage in business for themselves. The old system of giving away valuable franchises has been abandoned by every well governed city.

So much for the newness and impracticability of the idea.

* * *

But why this popularity? Because experience has shown—

1. It secures cheaper rates to the consumer. The "Manual of American Water Works" shows the average rates of private water works to be 43 per cent higher than the average of public water works.

2. Economy of operation. A public plant usually pays less interest on its bonds, and when the ownership is complete has no interest to pay. A public plant has no watered stock and is not required to pay dividends on such stock. The ownership of a public plant is on the ground and can save in salaries. It does not have to contribute to the enormous salaries paid in a general head office, it does not have to keep up a lobby fund for self-protection or other purposes, and it does not have to retain lawyers.

3. Under municipal ownership a harmonious development of this and other branches of public works is possible. In many places, as at Bethany and Macon, Mo., water and light plants are operated together by the city under the same management. It puts the different branches of the public service on an equal plane of interest in the general welfare. The water department and the health officers, for instance, instead of being afraid of each other, can work and counsel together with a common desire.

4. The profits of a public enterprise go into the city treasury instead of being sent away to non-resident stockholders. They may be operated at a profit and the proceeds used to reduce taxation or to increase the public resources or to effect further public improvements. Or the plants may be operated, as they sometimes are, at rates too low to yield a surplus, in which case the amount that would go to the private stockholders in the form of dividends is saved to the consumers.

5. The enlargement and extension of facilities as the public need may require is one of the great advantages of municipal ownership. Men cannot absolutely foresee the growth of a city or the changed conditions that may ensue during the term of a franchise. Private ownership is based purely upon the idea of profit, while profit is not the governing principle in public ownership. The city is at liberty at any time to make extensions wherever there is reasonable need for same, and to make such changes and improvements as the public service may require. It can also be relied upon to reduce rates whenever the production can be cheapened either by improved methods or increased business. A private school is located where it will pay; a public school where there is need for it. There is the difference.

6. An increase of business is one of the usual results of municipal ownership. Increased facilities, equality of terms and service together with the increased interest of the public in a public institution usually result in increased consumption. Moberly, Mo., has increased its number of water patrons almost five hundred in but little more than a year.

7. Public safety is the natural aim of public service. Purer water, the greater protection to public health and the extension of fire protection are among the natural purposes of a public water plant. While I am not advocating public ownership in a larger sense than as applied to municipalities, yet statistics show that institutions operated under public control are operated more safely than those under private control. For instance six times as many passengers are killed by the railways of the United States under private control as by the railways of Germany under public control. The street railways of New York and Brooklyn, under private control, kill and injure seventy times as many passengers in the same number handled as the public railway over Brooklyn bridge.

8. A city operating its own plant has an unlimited franchise. This has an important bearing in the floating of its bonds. It has no interest opposed to the public interest. A business is naturally managed in the interest of its owners. If it is not, its manager should be discharged. If the public owns a public service plant, the public is more likely to get what it wants when it wants it than it is under foreign and private ownership.

Stop Frowning

Frowns are a pretty sure indication of weak eyes or defective vison — also that a good pair of glasses are needed; they will improve your looks as well as your eyesight.

Wear Proper Glasses

Glasses to fit your needs must fit your features as well as your eyes. We can do both to your entire satisfaction.

YOU WILL LOOK WELL AND SEE WELL IF YOU HAVE THEM FITTED AT

Reavis Brothers

103 West Third Street.

CHARMING HAIR.

Every Woman Can Have It By Using Parisian Sage—Guaranteed by the Koch Pharmacy.

There is a reason for the phenomenal sale of Parisian Sage in the United States since it was first introduced into America, and the sales this year are breaking all records.

And the reason is plain to all: Parisian Sage does just what it is advertised to do.

Ask the Koch Pharmacy about it. They will tell you that they rigidly guarantee it to cure dandruff, stop falling hair or itching scalp in two weeks or money back.

There is no reason whatever why any man or woman should fail to take advantage of the above generous offer.

But one thing that has made Parisian Sage so famous is its peculiar power to turn the harsh, unattractive hair that many women posses into luxuriant and radiant hair in a short time. Women of refinement the country over are using it and it never disappoints.

Sold by leading druggists everywhere and in Maryville by the Koch Pharmacy for 50 cents a large bottle. The girl with Auburn hair is on every package; mail orders filled, charges prepaid, by the American makers, Giroux Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Latest post cards, 1 cent each, at Crane's.

The Circulation of the

Daily Democrat-Forum

Thursday was 2000 Copies

NO OTHER medium of publicity in this territory approaches the Democrat-Forum in efficiency. Advertisers wishing to place their wares before the public are guaranteed a larger circulation in the Democrat-Forum than can be obtained from the use of any other paper in the county. If you are not using it you are missing the benefits that should be yours, which an intelligent use of its columns will surely bring.....

Are You Overlooking

Your Opportunity?

NEWS OF SOCIETY AND WOMEN'S CLUBS

(Continued from page 1.)

smaller than the Dutchman, so he hired two big fellows to catch the Dutchman and gave him a big rolling in the snow. He paid them $5 apiece to do it, and it was thoroughly done. The big Dutchman was game, however, and had a better time than the "rollers" did.

Thursday evening a company was entertained at 6 o'clock dinner at the Parnell Dutch camp by Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Klaas and Mr. and Mrs. O. K. Herndon. Their guests included Mr. and Mrs. U. S. Wright and daughters, Misses Gertrude, Lola and Marie, and son, Simeon; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Wright and daughter, Lucile; Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Woodard of Maryville, Dr. and Mrs. Day, Mr. and Mrs. Elias Klaas, Miss Grace DeFreece and Mrs. John Kennedy of Parnell, Miss Ida Knepper of Fairfax, Miss Golda Roelofson, C. J. Colden and son and daughter, John and Miss Vijune; Mr. and Mrs. George Lucas and daughter, Miss Alma.

Morning Euchre Party.

Mrs. C. Q. Smith and daughters entertained at euchre Friday morning, complimentary to Mrs. Charles Woodson Smith of Kansas City. Mrs. Hunt and her sister, Eleanor Smith, gave piano selections during refreshments. Miss Nora Schumacher won the game prize and Mrs. Lester Funk of El Reno, Okla., received the guest favor. The guests present were Mesdames Frank Barmann, Lafe Allender, J. C. Allender, J. T. Bailey, S. R. Beech, Scribner Beech, Frank Crow, Noble Covey, Ralph Eversole, S. G. Gillam, John Herren, Berney Harris, Harry Irwin, Charles Jackson, Ernest Alexander, J. F. Colby, Virgil Keene, Geo. Lorance, Horace Leet, E. G. Orear, Fred Robinson, John Richey, W. R. Smiley, Nick Sturm, D. J. Thomas, Conrad Yehle, Will Wallis, Jr., Tom Wadley, J. S. Shinabargar, James Goff of Barnard, E. T. Rasmussen, John Clary of Clearmont, Misses Laura Barmann, Marie Brink, Lella Bonewitz, Georgia Custer, Gertie Condon, Nelle Conrad, Anna Dooley, Susie Ellison, Myrtle Eckles, Jennie Garrett, Kitty Grems, Della Grems, Lyda Hunt, Tessie Hunt, Nelle Hudson, Elise Jackson, Helen Leffler, Maude McMillan, Ruby Melvin, Charlotte Murrin, Mabel Martin, Jessie Mutz, Lena Nixon, Blanche Nixon, Myrtle Nixon, Dorothy Pierce, Hazel Ritchie, Bertha Ritze, Donna Sisson, Nora Schumacher, Rose Schumacher, Clara Sturm, Rena Sturm, Mabel Todd, Kate Turner, Brownie Toel, Alma Nash, Eva Montgomery, Zeta Culbertson of Albany, Ruth Peery of Albany, Geraldine Coffey of Steelville, Lela Chilton of St. Joseph, Hazel Cunningham of Lamar, Col., and Grace Funk of Chicago.

El Reno and Chicago Dinner Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Lester Funk of El Reno, Okla., and Miss Grace Funk of Chicago were the guests of honor at a dinner party Thursday evening given by Dr. and Mrs. F. R. Anthony at their home on South Main street. Plates were laid for Mr. and Mrs. Funk and sons, Gustave and William Funk, Miss Funk, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Crow and Mr. and Mrs. N. C. Covey.

To Honor Colorado Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Lynch entertained at dinner Thursday Mrs. Dennis Butler of Lamar, Col., a sister-in-law of Mrs. Lynch, who arrived Wednesday to visit at the Lynch home; Dr. and Mrs. K. C. Cummins, sons and daughter.

THEY KNOW HOW TO KEEP UP THEIR ROADS

The automobile party composed of Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Hooker and Mr. and Mrs. Hal T. Hooker and little daughter, who left Maryville Tuesday and spent Tuesday night in Clarinda, Ia., went as far as Storm Lake, Ia., by Wednesday night, or a distance of 156 miles during the day. Hal Hooker, in writing to friends in Maryville, says: "I never drove over nicer roads. The Iowa farmers know how to keep up their auto trails, and they all take pride in giving you half the road." The Hookers are on their way to Marshall, Minn., where they will visit with W. J. Hooker, a brother of C. D. Hooker.

Latest stationery for correspondence at Crane's.

INCREASE the PURCHASING POWER of your DOLLAR by buying your HARDWARE from us.

SPECIALS for NEXT WEEK:

No. 8 all copper wash boilers $3.50 values for	$2.75	Kelly Flint Edge axes, single bit, handled $1.00 values for	75c
Vacuum ice cream freezers $3.50 values for	$2.75	Kelly Flint Edge Axes, double bit handled $1.25 values for	$1.00
No. 8 "Wear Ever" Aluminum tea kettles $3.50 values for	$3.00	6 inch Keen Kutter nickel plated bent Shears 75c values for	55c
14 qt. White Rock enameled rinsing pan 50c values for	25c	Defiance Cold Blast Lanterns 65c values for	50c
3 qt. Stransky enameled covered sauce pans 85c value for	65c	Liberty Lanterns $1.00 values for	80c
5 gal. shop made gasoline cans with faucet 85c value for	60c	Tubular Lanterns 40c values for	30c
		No. 1 Universal Food Choppers $1.35 values for	$1.00
		Every 50c pocket knife in the case for	40c

CAMPBELL & CLARK
SOUTH SIDE HARDWARE MEN

Todays Markets

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—1,500. Estimate tomorrow, 300.

Hogs—12,000. Market 5c higher; top, $7.90. Estimate tomorrow, 9,000.

Sheep—8,000. Market strong.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—1,500.

Hogs—2,800. Market slow; top, $7.57.

Sheep—1,000. Market strong.

ST. JOSEPH.

Cattle—300.

Hogs—1,500. Market slow; top, $7.60.

Sheep—3,800. Market strong.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

National Stock Yards, Ill., Aug. 17.—Cattle receipts, 4,000. Market steady today; nothing choice. Prime steers 25@35c higher this week; top, $8.00. We sold 'em. Good steers and choice butcher cattle 15@20c higher; medium kinds steady. Steady indications for choice grades.

Hog receipts, 6,500. Market steady; top, $7.92; bulk, $7.45@7.80. Outlook good on fat kinds.

Sheep receipts, 4,500. Lambs barely steady today; top, $6.85. Sheep steady at $3.50. For week, lambs off 15@25c; sheep, 25c lower. Prospects just fair.

National Live Stock Commission Co.

HER DEATH DUE TO HEAT PROSTRATION

Mrs. Violet Duncan, colored, was found dead on the floor of her home on East Jenkins street, Thursday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, by a small child of Fred Fields, colored, a near neighbor of the Duncan family. Dr. J. H. Todd, the coroner, was summoned, and it is his opinion that the woman's death was due to heat prostration. She was seen ironing about 10 o'clock in the morning, and was standing with her back to a hot range. She fell on the floor between the stove and the ironing board.

Mrs. Duncan was about 50 years old. With her husband, Alex Duncan, she had lived here since the first of March. The body will be taken to Fillmore, Mo., Sunday morning for burial. A funeral service will be held at the home Saturday evening at 7 o'clock. The deceased is survived by her husband, daughter and son.

OLD FIRE HORSE WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION

The old fire horse, Jerry, will be sold by the city tomorrow at auction on the west side of the square. An initial bid of $100 has been made, and the old horse will probably bring more. The auction will take place at 1 o'clock.

Guests at West Terrace.

Mrs. W. G. Carpenter and daughter of Clearmont are Chautauqua guests of Mrs. Carpenter's sister, Mrs. Wilbur Smith of West Terrace place.

ST. PATRICK'S LADIES WILL HOLD MARKET

Get your Sunday dinner at St. Patrick's market next Saturday at Campbell & Clark's hardware store.

Fine watch and jewelry repairing at Crane's.

Handling Coal at Wilcox

Will be able to fill any order after September 1st.

O. E. Sallee

FLOWERS

for the Sunday table. We make a specialty of arranging flowers for any occasion at all seasons of the year at reasonable prices and deliver them properly packed to any address or express office in Maryville.

ENGELMANN GREENHOUSES.
1201 South Main Street.
Hanamo 17 1-8, Bell 126.

AMERICAN FENCE
Campbell & Clark

FREE FOR STOMACH AND BOWELS

We are in receipt of letters from Mrs. Eva Gaskins, 304 Madison St., Topeka, Kan., and Mr. P. H. Gavellas, Wagoner, Okla., as well as many others, telling about the wonderful results they have secured in the cure of their stomach and liver troubles by the use of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin.

This remedy, as all readers doubtless know, has been before the public for a generation and is now being more extensively used than any other remedy for stomach, liver and bowel complaints. According to reliable testimony, it seems to be a very quick and lasting cure for constipation, indigestion and dyspepsia, liver trouble, biliousness, headaches, sour stomach, gas on the stomach, drowsiness after eating and similar disorders. It is a liquid with tonic effect, and so mild and gentle in action that a child as well as a grown person can take it, in fact, it has no equal for children, women and old people.

It arouses the flow of gastric juice, and by a peculiar action trains the stomach and bowel muscles to again do their work naturally, and in time medicines of all kinds can be dispensed with. A free sample bottle can be had for trial by sending your address to the doctor, for in this way Mrs. Gaskinds, Mr. Gavellas and many others first learned of the cure. Later, when satisfied it is the remedy you need, do as others are doing and buy it of your druggist at fifty cents and one dollar a bottle.

For the free sample address Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 541 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

Barnard Visitor Here.

Mrs. R. F. Westfall of Barnard is attending the Chautauqua in Maryville this week and visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Baker, and her brothers-in-law, Henry and Vance Westfall, and families.

Chautauqua Guests.

Mrs. W. R. Evans of East First street is entertaining her sisters, Mrs. G. B. Burnes, and daughter of Hatfield, Mo., and Mrs. C. C. Thompson of Eagleville, Mo., and a friend, Miss Stella Rogers, also of Eagleville.

Delbert McMillen of Pickering was a Chautauqua visitor Thursday to hear Edward Amherst Ott and Lulu Tyler Gates. He has just returned from the summer school at the state university.

Miss Bertha Wible of Hopkins attended the Chautauqua Wednesday and Thursday as the guest of her aunt, Mrs. R. E. Snodgrass.

Banker J. C. Pistole of Hopkins was a Chautauqua visitor Friday.

NEEDFUL KNOWLEDGE.

Maryville People Should Learn to Detect the Approach of Kidney Disease.

The symptoms of kidney trouble are so unmistakable that they leave no ground for doubt. Sick kidneys excrete a thick, cloudy, offensive urine, full of sediment irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding. The back aches constantly, headaches and dizzy spells may occur and the victim is often weighed down by a feeling of languor and fatigue. Neglect these warnings and there is danger of dropsy and other serious troubles. Any one of these symptoms is warning enough to begin treating the kidneys at once. Delay often proves fatal.

You can use no better remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's Maryville proof:

G. W. Hempstead, East First street, Maryville, Mo., says: "When suffering from an extreme sensitiveness in the small of my back, I was advised by a friend to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial. I procured a box at Charles A. Love's drug store and they lived up to representations. I have never had any trouble from my back or kidneys since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS IN THE MINK LEAGUE

Mink League Standing.

	Won.	Lost	Pr.ct.
Falls City	46	34	.575
Humboldt	43	36	.544
Auburn	42	38	.525
Shenandoah	42	39	.519
Clarinda	36	44	.450
Nebraska City	31	49	.388

Clarinda, Ia., Aug. 18.—Clarinda won a fast and interesting game from Nebraska City yesterday in which both teams played stellar ball. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Nebraska City	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0	2	8	2
Clarinda	0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 0	3	9	2

Batteries—Hayes and Pinkerton; Burch and Harmony. Umpire—Kissane.

Shenandoah, Ia., Aug. 18—Both games of yesterday's double-header went to the locals, but each only after eleven innings of fast playing. Score first game:

	R.	H.	E.
Falls City	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0	3	6	2
Shenandoah	0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	4	7	3

Batteries—Fowler and Vanderhill; Johnson and Castle. Umpire—Meyers.

Score second game:

Falls City	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	3	1
Shenandoah	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	1	4	2

Batteries—Claussen and Vanderhill; Duren and Castle. Umpire, Meyers.

Auburn, Neb., Aug. 18.—Bunched hits in the ninth won yesterday for the visitors. Score:

	R.	H.	E.
Humboldt	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	3	6	1
Auburn	1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	6	2

Batteries—Wheatley and Dietz; Zonderman and Kraninger. Umpire—Kratsberg.

Called to Illinois.

James Murphy left Friday noon for Kewanee, Ill., where he was called by the death of his aunt, Mrs. Phillip Murphy, who died Thursday morning. The funeral will take place at Kewanee Saturday morning.

Eastman Kodaks and supplies at Crane's.

Mr. and Mrs. George P. Shoptaugh of Elmo and their guests, Mrs. Smythe of Indianapolis, Ind.; Mr. and Mrs. Griffith of Ottumwa, Ia., and Miss Della Humphrey of Elmo came to Maryville Thursday to attend the Chautauqua. They made the trip in the Shoptaugh car.

OTT AND 'SPENDERS'

(Continued from page 1.)

Thursday night by a number of the Chautauqua campers. For want of regulation track suits the boys wore their B. V. D., and with blankets wrapped around them tramped barefooted from the park to the athletic field.

The quarter mile race was the first event, and at the finish the racers discovered that two of the party had disappeared with the blankets. A lively chase was begun at once, but the thieves were too far ahead, and the rest of the party had to sneak into camp somewhat scantily attired. Fortunately all of the law abiding people were sound asleep, making the homecoming of the athletes somewhat easier.

The boys say they are going again some night, and with blankets carefully guarded they expect to break many records.

"Camp Hollyhock" is the name of the camp of G. B. Holmes and family. Their guests on Thursday were W. A. Burris and family, Mrs. John Gex, Mrs. John M. Wilson, Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Rowlett and children of Graham; Mrs. G. P. Wright, Mrs. John Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson Craig.

Mrs. Lulu Tyler Gates is the one topic of conversation about the camp. Everybody is so sorry she had to cut short her interpretation of "The Fortune Hunter" Thursday night, she was doing it so beautifully and everything was getting at such important places in the story that it was almost a crime for her to leave it to take that train. If Maryville was like Clinton she would not have taken that train. She would have finished her story. Miss Helen Trullinger heard Mrs. Gates at the Clinton Chautauqua last year, and when it came time for Mrs. Gates to give up the platform after her first appearance to a concert company, the people would not have it so. They wanted her to "speak some more pieces." The platform manager said he had been instructed to let no one go over time. They said they would not listen to any one else, and somebody came very near licking the platform manager. When the concert company came on all the people got up and left. The manager called them back by telling them they could have Mrs. Gates, and they rushed pellmell to their seats. She was in Clinton four days and gave "The Fortune Hunter" twice. Mrs. Gates is the daughter of a leading Christian minister of California. She is surely a "born" speaker.

We found out today who are the hosts at "Dew Drop In" camp. They are Robert Brown, Eugene Cummins and Frank Cummins. Their guests are Robert Wolfers of Hopkins, Frank Buckley of Lamar, Col.; Virgil Patton of Albany, and Christopher Cummins of Ford City. The hosts and their guests spent Friday afternoon in Hopkins as the guests of Robert Wolfers.

Mr. and Mrs. John K. Sawyers and their children are among the campers. Guests came to Sawyers camp Thursday from Greenfield, Ia. They are cousins of the host and are Andrew, George and John Sawyers. Another guest was Miss Elizabeth Sawyers of west of Maryville.

Mrs. Mary T. Gray of Pickering was a guest at Camp Thorp Thursday. She has been attending the Chautauqua and visiting her son, W. T. Gray, and family, and her old friends, Mr. and Mrs. Truman Lloyd, whom she has known for half a century.

Mrs. M. J. Nelson and Mrs. J. W. Houghtaling of Bolckow arrived Friday and are guests at Camp Brown, where Rev. and Mrs. Alva Brown of Bolckow are host and hostess. Mrs. Brown is Mrs. Nelson's daughter.

Miss Orlena Helpley and her cousin guest, Mr. Arthur Matthews of Tarkio, were guests of the Young Ladies' Bridge club camp Thursday evening. Mr. Matthews is a graduate of Tarkio college and is going soon to Idaho to teach in a high school some place near Spokane.

Visiting Mr. Huffman.

Aaron Felix went to Clyde Friday to visit Ami Huffman, who was stricken with paralysis Wednesday. Mr. Huffman is very ill.

Miss Hazel Cunningham of Lamar, Col., who is visiting her uncle, John Gallagher, and family, of near Ravenwood, is the Chautauqua guest of John Murrin and family in Maryville.

William Mitchell of Atchison county, manager of one of the Bilby ranches, was in Maryville Friday.

Mrs. Zetta Broyles and son have returned from a visit at Coffeyville, Dexter and Hoisington, Kan.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chichester's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your

Chautauqua

Tonight

Prelude by Apollo Concert Co. begins at 7:45 and continues until 8:30 when Ralph Parlette will give his lecture recital.

Never has there been a musical company at a Maryville Chautauqua that pleased better than the Apollos. Their program is varied and every number interesting and artistic. This is the last opportunity to hear them. Admission tonight 25c.

Tomorrow

Morning

Prof. Cameron's class at 9:45. At 11:00 Prof. W. S. Morse, the noted violinist will give a short recital. Come out and stay all day.

Afternoon

Senator Thomas P. Gore

Prelude by Morse-Quarles Co.

Night

Music by Morse-Quarles Co. Illustrated lecture on Rural Life by PROF. C. J. KERN of Illinois. This lecture is beautifully illustrated and the lecture is said to be highly interesting.

Sunday, August 20

The last day will be full of good things. No morning sessions. Afternoon concert by Morse-Quarles Co. Address by Dr. L. G. Herbert, celebrated lecturer & preacher.

At Night

After musical prelude we will have MRS. LULU TYLER GATES again in "POLLY OF THE CIRCUS." Dr. Ott said after hearing her last night that she was undoubtedly the greatest reader in America.

Everybody should hear these last programs. They will keep up the same high standard of excellence.

Are you interested in a permanent Chautauqua? If so see one of these men, members of permanent Chautauqua committee: S. H. Kemp, Rev. Miller, Lou White, G. B. Holmes, W. M. Oakerson, J. H. Thorp, Tom Wadley or P. O. Landon.

School Time Almost Here

What school will you attend? Now is the time when careful parents and ambitious boys and girls are making their plans for the coming school year. Go to school, somewhere, by all means. Select your school with the greatest care. Select a practical, thorough school. Life is too short to spend it in useless study over worthless rot. Determine what you want to do, and then do it.

Determine to go into business. It is the best field. Business offers the greatest opportunities. Learn to be a Bookkeeper, a Cashier, a Stenographer, a Private Secretary, an Auctioneer; learn as much as you can about the practical side of life. It will afford you the greatest pleasure, the greatest income.

This school makes a specialty of preparing young men and women, and older folks, too, for business. We are thoroughly equipped; have expert teachers, modern courses of study. Our school is becoming famous for the great success of its students. This year we are making a desperate effort to educate 500 students. We can start you on the highway that leads to success and happiness. Let us urge you to make the start on Tuesday, Sept. 5.

If you haven't had our new catalogue please write for it. It is gladly mailed free to any address. Find out how LITTLE it will cost to get the education you crave.

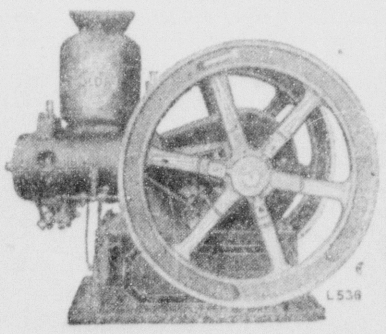
The Maryville Business College

Headquarters for
OLDS GAS ENGINE.

You are urged to investigate the merits of the Olds Gas Engine.

We have them from 1½ to 600 horse power and can be used to advantage in almost any kind of work, filling silos, for the cream separator, sheller or grinder, or wood saw. We put a guarantee on every engine that goes out of our place. We solicit your patronage

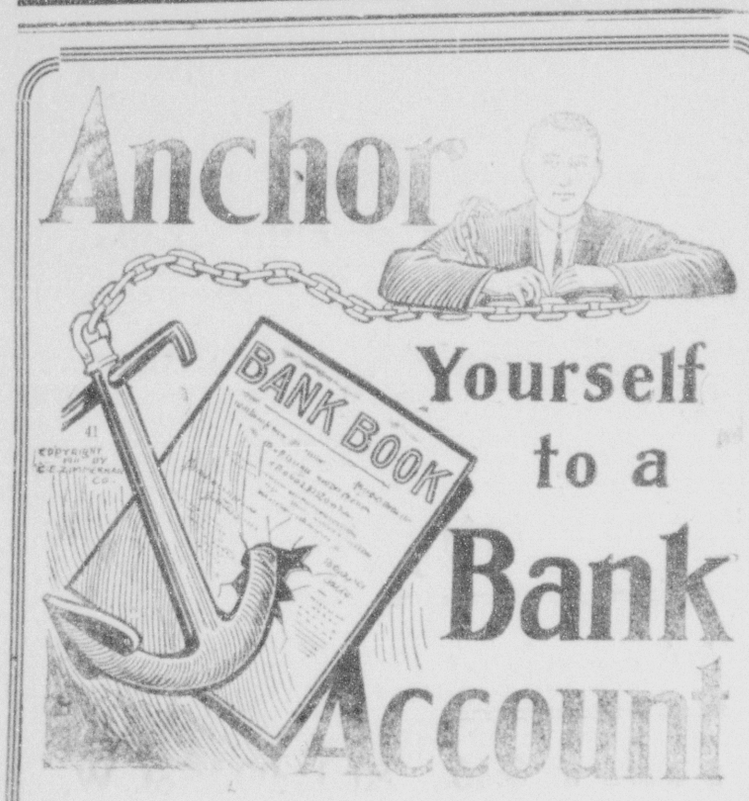
WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.



Apples Wanted

Beginning August 15, will receive apples at the Old Banner Mill on West Fifth street. Bring in your Wealthys and your Maiden Blush.

P. J. Lahr,
Agent



A STEADY purpose in this life is one of the best aids to success. If that purpose be the resolve to save money your success will be *sure* and satisfactory.

A young man should anchor himself to a bank account as the first step to success. As his account grows so will HIS CONFIDENCE IN HIMSELF TO MAKE GOOD.

NODAWAY VALLEY BANK
MARYVILLE, MISSOURI

CAPITAL - - - - - $100,000.00
SURPLUS - - - - - $22,000.00

Rates for rooms—one dollar per day—rooms with bath one dollar and fifty cents

When you visit Kansas City stay at Kansas City's New Leading Hotel, The Jefferson. "Not the biggest—just the best."

The Jefferson is modern in every big and little detail—what is also important is comfortable.

The Jefferson Hotel Cafe—a la carte—is the best patronized cafe in Kansas City. "Live Baby Lobster, broiled, 50c." Music noon and evening and other entertainments.

Miss Knepper in Town.

Miss Ida Knepper of near Fairfax, a former teacher in the Maryville public schools, is attending the Chautauqua as the guest of Mrs. O. C. Hanna. She is spending the nights at the home of her brother, William Knepper, southwest of Maryville.

Have Chautauqua Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Garrett have for Chautauqua guests Mr. and Mrs. Preston Low and their son and daughter, Mr. James Low and Miss Mabel Low of Tarkio.

LOVELY COMPLEXION.

A Clear Skin and Bright Eyes Are Easy to Get.

All the beauty creams in creation won't improve your complexion if your stomach is out of order.

Belching of gas and heartburn means bad food in the stomach. Bad food means bad blood, and bad blood means a bad complexion.

Try Mi-o-na stomach tablets for stomach misery, biliousness, dizziness and indigestion. They relieve in a few minutes; they make rich, red blood. They are guaranteed by the Orear-Henry Drug Co. to cure or money back.

Read what a Kansas woman says:

"I had been doctoring a year for stomach trouble and found nothing that did as much good as Mi-o-na. I only have the second box and they have relieved all pain in my stomach. For stomach trouble or indigestion Mi-o-na can't be beaten. Mi-o-na has done a world of good for men when doctors failed."—Mrs. Cordelia B. Mann, 207 E. 11th St., Junction City, Kan.

Mi-o-na stomach tablets are sold by the Orear-Henry Drug company and druggists everywhere for 50 cents a large box. Test samples free from Booth's Mi-o-na, Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED.

Your pump and repair work. Pumps, windmills, scales, etc., of all kinds repaired by E. J. Bailey, the pump man at Armstrong's foundry. Bell phone, office 114, residence 279; Hanamo, residence 259 Red.

STATEHOOD BILL SHORN OF RECALL

Taft's Wishes in Connection With Judiciary Complied With.

BILL TO PASS THIS SESSION.

Admission of Two Territories Will Not Be Put Off Much Longer. Senate Passes House Cotton Bill With Steel Amendment Attached.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The senate and house conferees on the statehood question reached a complete agreement to eliminate the judiciary recall feature of the Arizona constitution and to provide for making the New Mexico constitution easier of amendment. This agreement is said to conform to President Taft's wishes and undoubtedly means statehood for the two territories this session.

A shrewd move by the regular Republicans, as unexpected as it was effective, suddenly threw the Democrats into complete control of the senate in their own right and forced them absolutely to abandon their coalition with the progressive Republicans.

Out of the chaos and the uproar came a bill to revise the cotton schedule of the Payne-Aldrich law. It was the bill as passed by the house, but saddled with amendments to revise the iron and steel, the cotton machinery and chemical schedules of the tariff law, coupled with a provision for reciprocal free trade in bituminous coal across the Canadian border.

The bill as amended will go back to the house, and probably will be sent to conference. If it emerges from this ordeal and goes to the White House it unquestionably will meet the fate of the wool revision bill, which was vetoed by President Taft.

Democratic votes alone were cast in favor of the bill. The regular Republicans deliberately absented themselves from the chamber, and thus left their progressive colleagues in a hopeless situation. The insurgents, taken by surprise, were thrown into a rage. Alternately they denounced what they termed the treachery of the Democrats with whom they had been in alliance and inveighed against the regular Republicans for the part they had played in the new combination.

The La Follette compromise cotton tariff revision bill, sprung as a substitute for what had been the pending house bill and all amendments adopted by the senate, was defeated by the senate, 51 to 10, by a combined vote of Democrats and regular Republicans. Insurgent Republicans cast all the votes in its favor.

DELEGATE KOOP LOSES FIGHT

Insurgent Typos Voted Down on Floor of Convention.

San Francisco, Aug. 18.—Giving an account of a physical encounter between factions of the International Typographical union, in which he said about thirty members and delegates participated, Delegate George Koop of Chicago precipitated a trial of strength between the administration forces and the insurgents on the floor of the convention. The administration forces, headed by President James M. Lynch, who is accused by his opponents of dominating the union, won, by a vote of 113 to 102.

600 Man Hunters Scour Country.

Council Bluffs, Ia., Aug. 18.—With 600 heavily armed men patrolling every portion of the west half of Pottawattamie county and the entire area of Harrison county, two bloodhounds hot on the trail along the river road and 150 automobiles pressed into service to aid in the search for the murderers of Deputy Marshal George Butcher of Missouri Valley, the man hunt was on in deadly earnest.

Meat Rates Suspended.

Washington, Aug. 18.—Freight tariffs filed with the interstate commerce commission by the southwestern lines, making material advances in the transportation charges on fresh meats and packing house products from points in Texas, Oklahoma and other points of origin in the southwest to destinations in other states, were suspended from the effective date of the tariffs, Aug. 18, until Dec. 16.

Reward for Arrest of Hesse.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 18.—Governor Aldrich wired the Johnson county officials that the state under the provisions of the criminal code would pay $200 for the apprehension of E. E. Hesse, charged by the Tecumseh coroner's jury with having murdered his wife and stepdaughter there, over a year ago. The state's reward is to be added to that offered by Johnson county.

Gives Blood to Pay Board.

New York, Aug. 18.—Charles Lichtnecker, a young man who submitted to a blood transfusion a week ago in order to pay his board bill and who had been walking the streets ever since in search of work, fainted from weakness at the One Hundred and Forty-ninth street station of the subway. He was taken to Lincoln hospital to regain his strength.

WOOL BILL IS VETOED BY TAFT

President Says Measure is Not in Harmony With Platform.

NO NEED FOR HASTY ACTION.

Message to Congress Points Out Unscientific Methods — Professes to Both Protection and Anti-Protection.

Washington, Aug. 18.—President Taft carried out his threat to veto the wool tariff bill. In a special message to the house of representatives he characterized the measure as a blend of an avowed tariff for revenue and anti-protection measure with a professed protection bill.

In explanation of his course President Taft said the bill was not in harmony with the platform on which he was elected. Furthermore, he declared that the American people are deeply impressed with the conviction that the interests of the consuming public can be properly guarded only by revising the tariff schedules one at a time and then "on accurate and scientifically acquired information."

That there is widespread belief that many of the rates in the wool schedule are too high and in excess of any needed protection for the wool growers and manufacturers is admitted by President Taft, and he says he shares this belief. Asserting that December was the time fixed by both the Republican and Democratic parties in the last congress for the submission of adequate information on schedule K with a view to its amendment, the president says there is no public exigency "requiring revision in August without adequate information."

No Need for Hasty Action.

After promising that the tariff board will be ready to report in December the president argues that failure of the present bill should not be regarded therefore as taking away the only chance for reduction by this congress, concluding as follows:

"I have no doubt that if I were to sign this bill, I would receive the approval of very many persons who favor a reduction of duties in order to reduce the cost of living, which has an effect on our protected industries, and who fail to realize the disaster to business generally and to the people at large, which may come from a radical disturbance of that part of business dependent for its life on the continuance of a protective tariff. If I fail to guard as far as I can the industries of the country to the extent of giving them the benefit of a living measure of protection, and business disaster ensues, I shall not be discharging my duty. If I fail to recommend the reduction of excessive duties to this extent, I shall fail in my duty to the consuming public."

The message will be accepted as an indication that no tariff bill prepared in advance of a report of the tariff board on schedules affected will be signed by the president.

Martian Canals Seen Again.

Flagstaff, Ariz., Aug. 18.—A cablegram sent by the Lowell observatory to its correspondent at Kiel, Germany, for distribution in the eastern hemisphere, says: "Conspicuous Martian canals near Syrtis discovered at the last opposition are again visible."

Rhodes' Nephew Killed by Auto.

London, Aug. 18.—Stanley Rhodes, a nephew of Cecil Rhodes, is dead as the result of injuries which he received in an automobile accident. His wife, who was Mabel Russell, a Gaiety chorus girl, was severely injured.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS

Closing Quotations on the Chicago Board of Trade.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Wheat—Sept., 90@⅛c; Dec., 94⅜c; May, $1.00⅝.
Corn—Sept., 64⅞@65; Dec., 63¾@⅞.
Oats—Sept., 41⅞c; Dec., 44⅜c.
Pork—Jan., $16.30.
Lard—Sept., $8.95; Jan., $8.70.
Ribs—Sept., $9.07½; Jan., $8.30.
Chicago Cash Prices—No. 2 hard wheat, 90@94c; No. 2 corn, 64¼@¾c; No. 2 oats, 40c.

South Omaha Live Stock.

South Omaha, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,900; steady, with highest top of the year; beef steers, $5.80@7.80; cows and heifers, $2.75@5.00; stockers and feeders, $3.40@4.95; bulls, $3.60@5.20; calves, $3.25@6.50. Hogs—Receipts, 5,700; steady; droves for local killing brought $7.10@7.15; rough heavy, $7.00@7.05; best bacon animals moved at $7.45. Sheep—Receipts, 9,800; strong; toppy ewes reached $3.65; good heavy wethers are selling around $3.40@3.50; lambs, $5.00@6.65.

Chicago Live Stock Market.

Chicago, Aug. 17.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; strong to 10c up; beeves, $5.25@8.10; western steers, $4.25@6.75; stockers and feeders, $3.15@5.60; cows and heifers, $2.25@6.25; calves, $6.00@8.50. Hogs—Receipts, 4,000; slow; light, $7.20@7.90; mixed, $7.00@7.90; heavy, $6.85@7.70; rough, $6.85@7.10; pigs, $6.10@7.60; bulk, $7.15@7.60. Sheep—Receipts, 16,000; steady; native, $2.40@3.80, western, $2.75@3.80; yearlings, $3.70@5.00; lambs, $4.25@7.10.

WANTS

Advertisements are inserted in this column at the rate of three lines (18 words) three days for 25 cents. For ads larger than three lines one cent extra will be charged for each word in excess of 18. Cash must accompany order for these small amounts.

FOR SALE—40 or 60 acres one mile southwest of Maryville limits. Good improvements. J. J. Barr, Maryville, Mo. 15-21

FOR SALE—408 acres of fine land at only $35.00 per acre, and a fine fruit farm (4,000 trees) for $100 per acre.
R. L. McDOUGAL,
Abstracts of Title, Ins. and Loans.

"For Sale," "For Rent" and "Rooms for Rent" cards at this office, only 10 cents each.

FOR RENT—After July 1st, good store building, South Main street. See J. F. Roelofson. 3-tf

FOR SALE—Eight acres improved in Southeast Maryville. Lella Bonewitz, 1304 East Cooper street, Hanamo 493 Red. 9-tf

FOR SALE—6-room house and two lots, close in; cement walks; on paved street. Mrs. Lydia Wilkinson, 505 West First street. 17-20

INSURE with Hyslop. Fire tornado (farm or city), plate glass, automobile liability, accident or damage, health. Contract and court bonds promptly executed.

FOR RENT—9-room all modern house, good barn, 3 acres ground, mostly pasture, some fruit, well located. Call or phone this office. 16-18

TO RENT—Three furnished rooms and four unfurnished rooms, corner Jenkins and Buchanan streets. Inquire H. McCommon. 12-tf

PIANO BARGAIN—We have a practically new piano procured from the Maryville Publishing company, taken in part settlement for another instrument. In order to save further expense we will sell very cheap for cash or payments as low as $6.00 per month. For particulars write Olney Music Co., St. Joseph, Mo. 28-d&w-tf

FOR SALE—Large fireproof safe, cheap. Charles Hyslop. 10-tf

At Auction.
The Old Fire Horse Jerry.
Saturday at 1 o'Clock, on West Side Square.

(First insertion Aug. 5, last Aug. 23.)

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION IN THE CITY OF MARYVILLE, NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI.

Notice is hereby given that under and by virtue of the provisions of ordinance No. 514, of the City of Maryville, Missouri, passed and approved by the board of aldermen of said city at a session thereof, regularly opened and held on the 4th day of August, 1911, a special election will be held in said city on Thursday, the 24th day of August, 1911, for the purpose of testing the sense of the qualified voters of said city upon a proposition to increase the indebtedness of said city by issuing bonds in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars in the manner provided by law for the purpose of constructing or purchasing, improving and extending a water works system to supply said city and all persons, firms and corporations therein with water, and also to provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest on said bonds as it falls due, and to create a sinking fund for the payment of the principal at maturity.

The polling places for said special election shall be as follows:

First ward—City hall.
Second ward—Robey's garage.
Third ward—Gray's feed yard.
Fourth ward—Nodaway Manufacturing company's shop, 114 East Second street.

Tickets will be provided for said special election in the following form:

"For increase of debt—Yes."
"For increase of debt—No."

The former of which shall be taken as a vote assenting to such increase of debt, and the latter as dissenting therefrom.

If the returns show two-thirds of the legal voters of said city voting at said special election have assented to the increasing of said indebtedness of said city in the sum of one hundred thousand dollars ($100,000.00) for the purpose hereinbefore recited, then the mayor and the board of aldermen, by proper ordinance, shall declare such result, and may cause bonds of said city to be issued covering the amount of said indebtedness in manner and form as provided by section 9547, Revised Statutes of Missouri, for 1909, and also to provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest of such indebtedness as it falls due, and to constitute a sinking fund for the payment of the principal thereof at maturity.

Attest:—Seal.

A. S. ROBEY, Mayor.
C. L. GANN, City Clerk.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. R. Martin's Law Office.

I have opened a law office in the J. B. Robinson building, first stairway north of the Nodaway Valley bank, where I can be found Saturday of each week. Will come any time by appointment. B. R. MARTIN, Maryville, Mo.

K. C. CUMMINS, M. D.,
SURGERY and GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over First National Bank.
Calls answered promptly day or night. All phones.

F. R. Anthony, M. D.
Specialist.
Practice limited to diseases of Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat, and general consultation. All 'phones. Office hours, 9 to 11 a. m.; 2 to 4 p. m.

THE "UNIQUE"
First class clothes cleaning and repairing shop. Phones, Hanamo 402, 115½ South Main.
H. J. BECKER, Proprietor.

Chas. E. Stilwell.
Attorney and Counselor at Law.
Office over Maryville National Bank, Maryville, Mo.

DR. G. H. LEACH,
Deputy State Veterinarian and Stock Inspector.
Office, Star Barn. All phones.

CLINE & MORGAN,
Graduate and Registered
VETERINARY SURGEONS AND DENTISTS.
Office at Gray's feed barn. Phones Hanamo 93, Farmers 162.

BUSINESS CARDS

I. J. WALKER
Electrical Wiring, Fixtures, Supplies
Bell phone 91 120½ West 3rd st.

FRANK MARTIN & SON,
PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Solicit Your Business.
All phones. Maryville, Mo.

J. L. FISHER
Repairing Guns, Bicycles, Gas Engines and Automobiles.
Robey's Garage, 115 West Fourth St.

F. S. GRUNDY,
PLUMBING AND HEATING.
We Never Sleep.
Hanamo 46, Bell 314. Maryville, Mo.

Van Steenbergh & Son
Dry Cleaning, Pressing
Phone Hanamo 279

ROOMING HOUSE.
West Fourth and Buchanan Streets
202 West Fourth St.
Nice large pleasant rooms, with all modern improvements. Everything new, neat and clean.
D. S. Angell,
Owner and Proprietor.

YOU CAN HAVE HEALTHY HAIR

Use Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur. A Harmless Remedy That Makes the Hair Grow.

What a pity it is to observe so many people with thin and faded hair and then realize that the most of these people might have a fine, healthy head of hair if they would but use the simple "sage tea" of our grandmothers, combined with other ingredients for restoring and preserving the hair. No one, young or old, need have gray hair, weak, thin or falling hair, dandruff or any trouble of the sort if they would but use Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy. On the contrary, it is possible to have healthy, vigorous hair, of perfect color, by a few applications of this remarkable preparation.

Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy quickly removes dandruff, leaves the scalp clean and healthy, promotes the growth of the hair and restores the natural color of the hair which has become faded or gray. It is a clean, wholesome dressing, which may be used at any time and with perfect safety. Don't neglect your hair. Start today with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur.

This preparation is offered to the public at fifty cents a bottle, and is recommended and sold by all druggists.

Special Agent, Koch Pharmacy